

*Pick up the Graphing Calculator
Warm-Up Wkst on the answer key
desk*

Warm ~Up

EXAMPLE 3 **Check Your Progress**

Write $3x + 2y = 6$ in slope-intercept form.

$$\begin{array}{r} -3x \quad -3x \\ 2y = -3x + 6 \\ \hline 2 \quad 2 \end{array}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 3$$

Your Turn: Write $4x - y = 8$ in slope-intercept form.

$$\begin{array}{r} -4x \quad -4x \\ -y = -4x + 8 \\ \hline -1 \quad -1 \end{array}$$

$$y = 4x - 8$$

Graphing with Standard Form

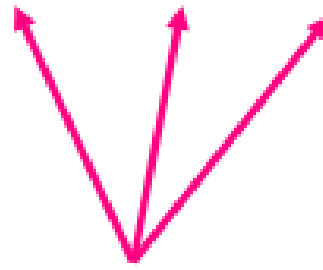


Goals aligned to the Common Core Standards:

- You will create linear functions and inequalities from a sequence, table, or a given relationship.
- You will be able to describe key features of a linear function.

The standard form of a linear equation is

$$Ax + By = C$$



- *Integers (no fractions or decimals)
- *The x term is positive
- *Greatest common factor of 1
- *No exponents larger than 1

Example of an equation in standard form:

$$3x + 2y = 5$$

$$A=3, B=2, C=5$$

Options for Graphing with Standard form:

- 1) Solve for y
(put in slope intercept form)
- 2) Graph using x - and y - intercepts

Reminder:

Solving for Slope-intercept form

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + y = 6 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline y = -3x + 6 \end{array}$$

$$3(0) + y = 6$$

$$y = 6$$

$(0, 6)$ y-intercept

$$3x + 0 = 6$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{6}{3}$$

$$x = 2$$

$(2, 0)$ x-intercept

Now you can graph it!

A linear equation can also be graphed on a coordinate plane using the x & y - intercepts

$(x, 0)$ STANDARD FORM TASK!
↑ plug in $y=0$

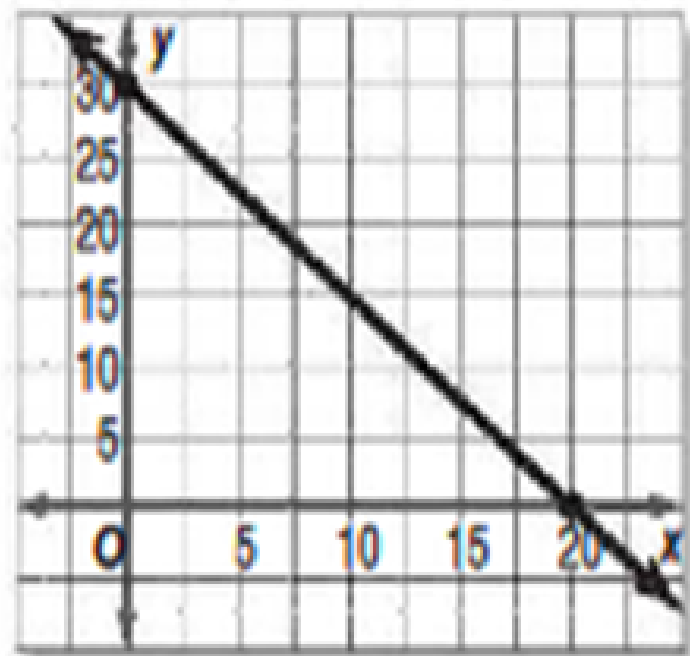
The x -intercept (also known as a zero/solution) is the x -value where the equation crosses the x -axis.

$(0, y)$ plug in $x=0$

The y -intercept is the y -value where the equation crosses the y -axis.

Find the x - and y -intercepts of the line graphed at the right.

- A x -intercept is 0; y -intercept is 30.
- B x -intercept is 20; y -intercept is 30.
- C x -intercept is 20; y -intercept is 0.
- D x -intercept is 30; y -intercept is 20.



The x -intercept's point is $(20, 0)$

The y -intercept's point is $(0, 30)$

Notice the zero in both points. Why will this always be the case?

Find the x - and y -intercepts from the table.

Draining a Pool	
Time (h)	Volume (gal)
x	y
0	10,080
2	8640
6	5760
10	2880
12	1440
14	0

y -int

x -int

How did you determine the

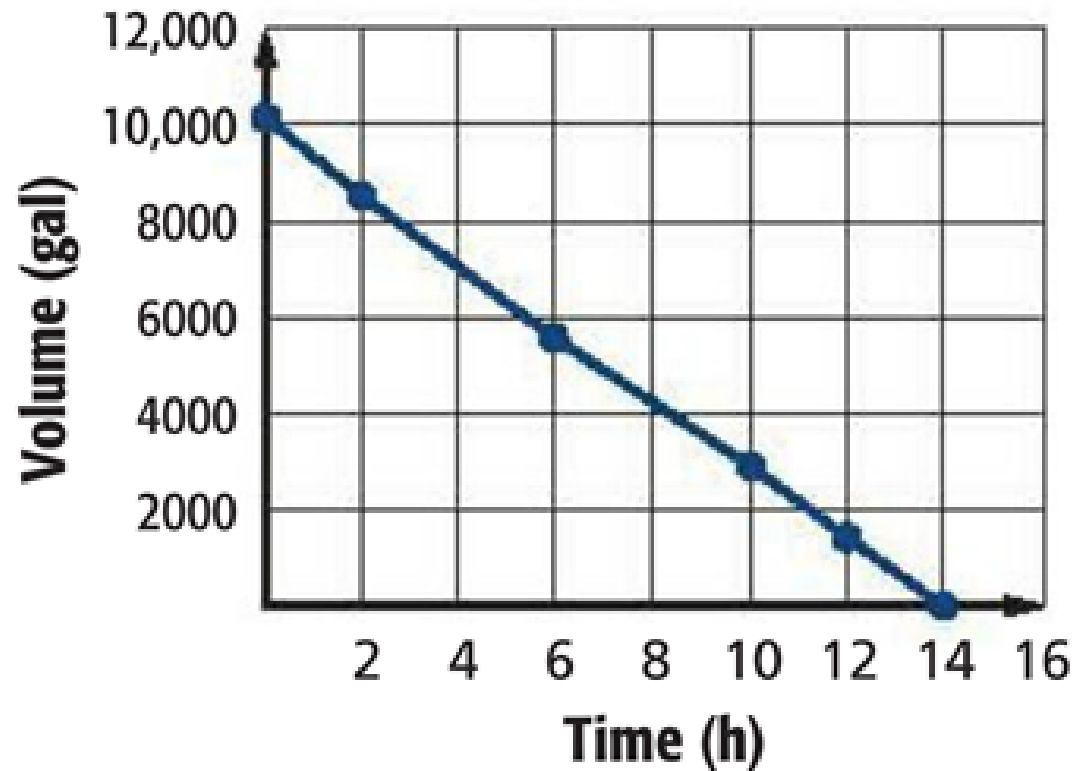
x & y -intercepts?

$y=0$ →

↑ $x=0$

Describe what the intercepts mean in this situation.

Draining a Pool



y-int:
Volume
started in
pool

x-int:
Time it took
to drain the pool

Graphing with x- and y-intercepts

x-intercept: What is the value of y?

0

y-intercept: What is the value of x?

0

What are the x & y-intercepts of this equation?

$$-x + 2y = 8$$

x-int: $y=0$

$$-x + 2(0) = 8$$
$$-x = 8$$
$$x = -8$$

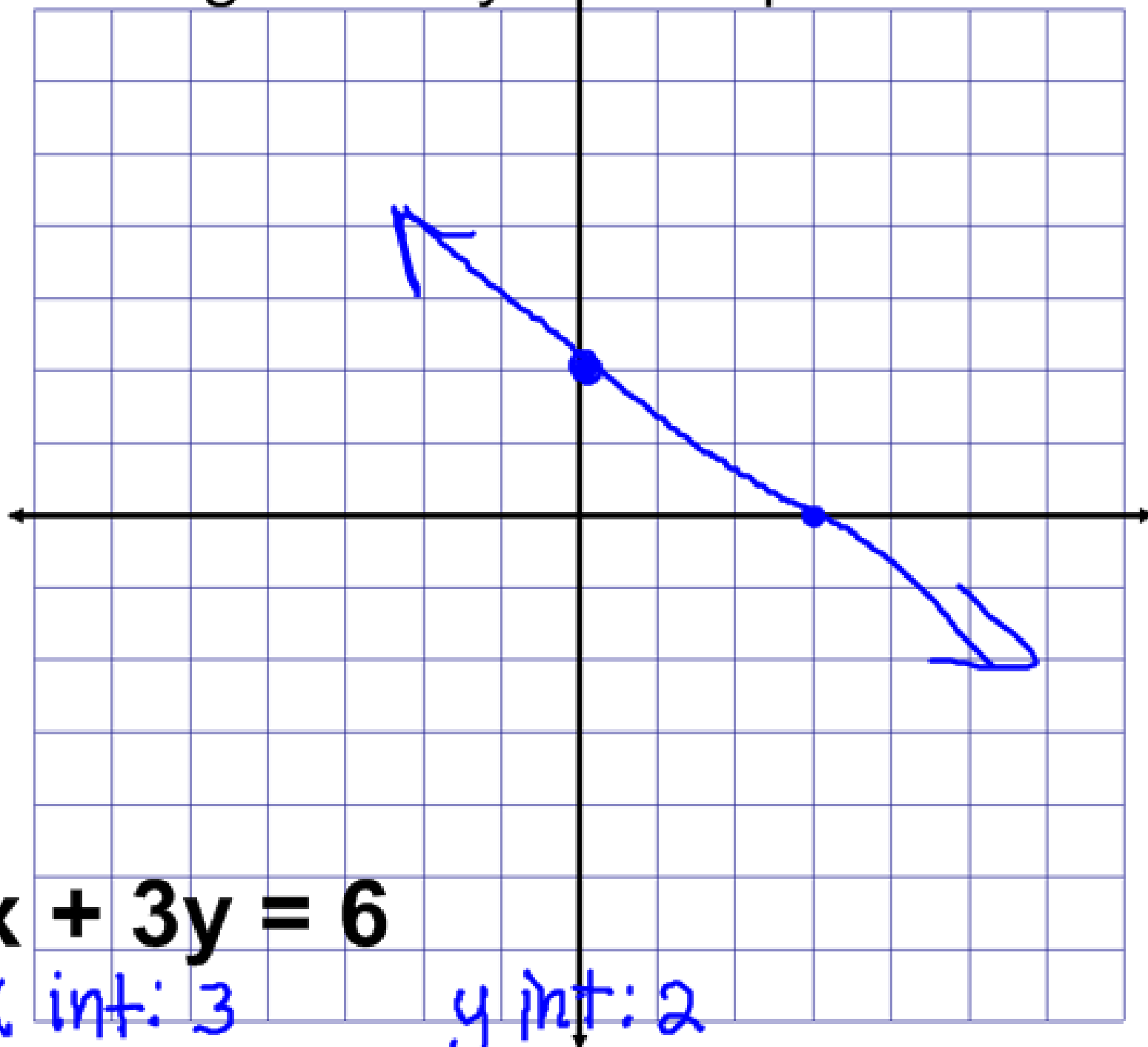
$(-8, 0)$

y-int: $x=0$

$$0 + 2y = 8$$
$$y = 4$$

$(0, 4)$

Graph using x- and y- intercepts.



$$2x + 3y = 6$$

x int: 3

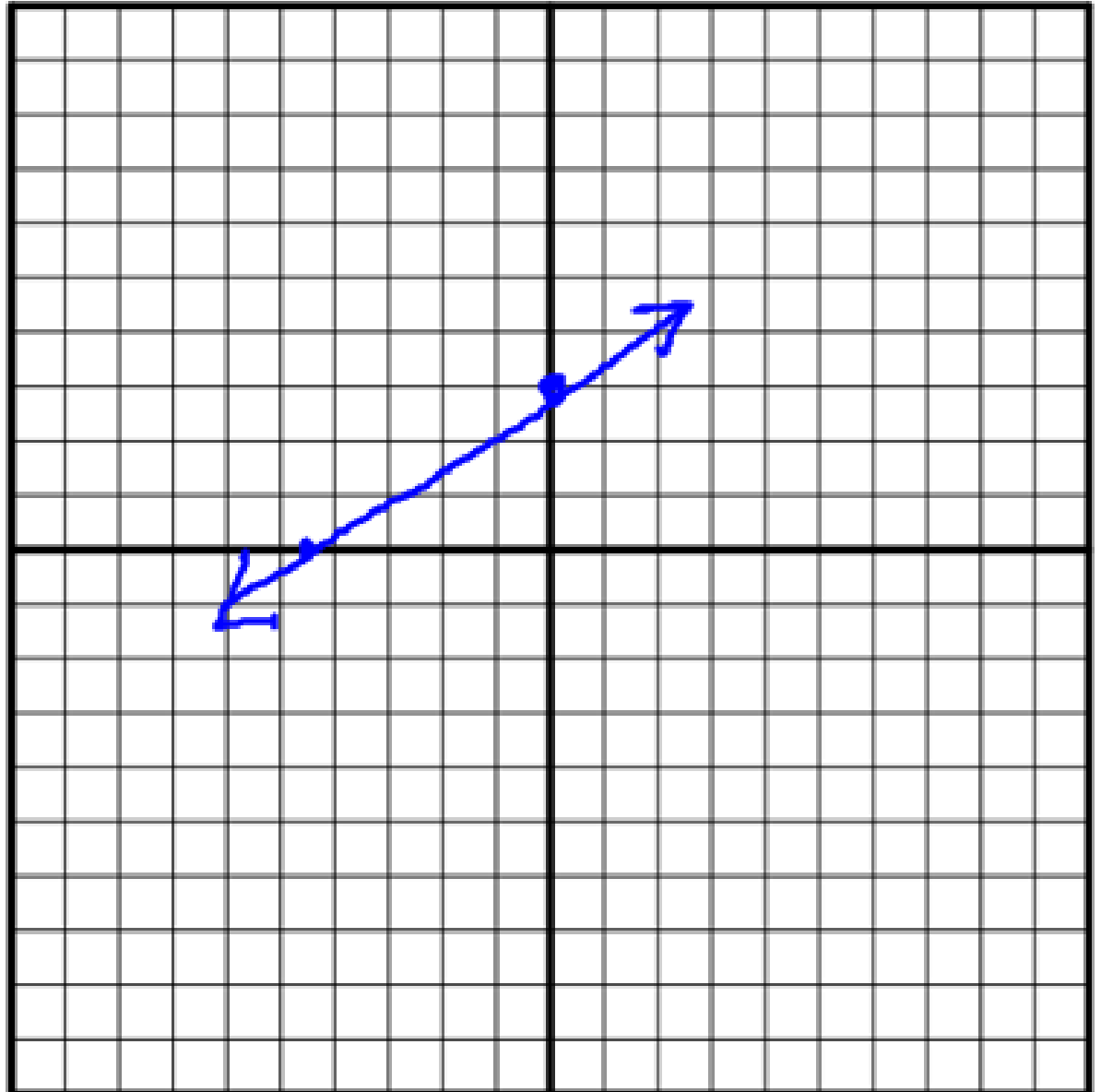
y int: 2

graph

$$2x - 3y = -9$$

$$x \text{ int: } -4.5$$

$$y \text{ int: } 3$$

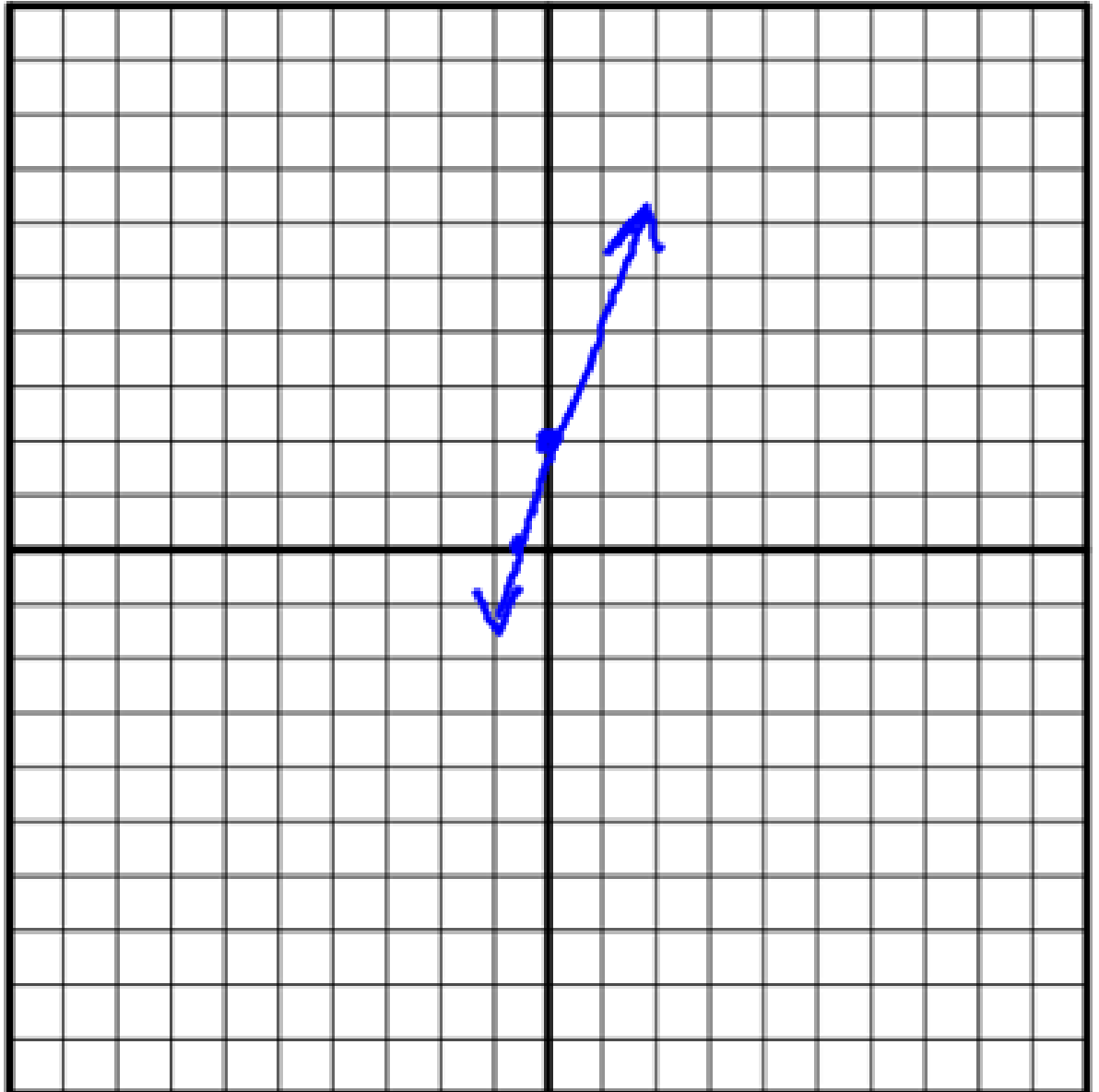


graph

$$4x - y = -2$$

$$x \text{ int: } -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y \text{ int: } 2$$



Determine which ordered pairs are part of the solution set

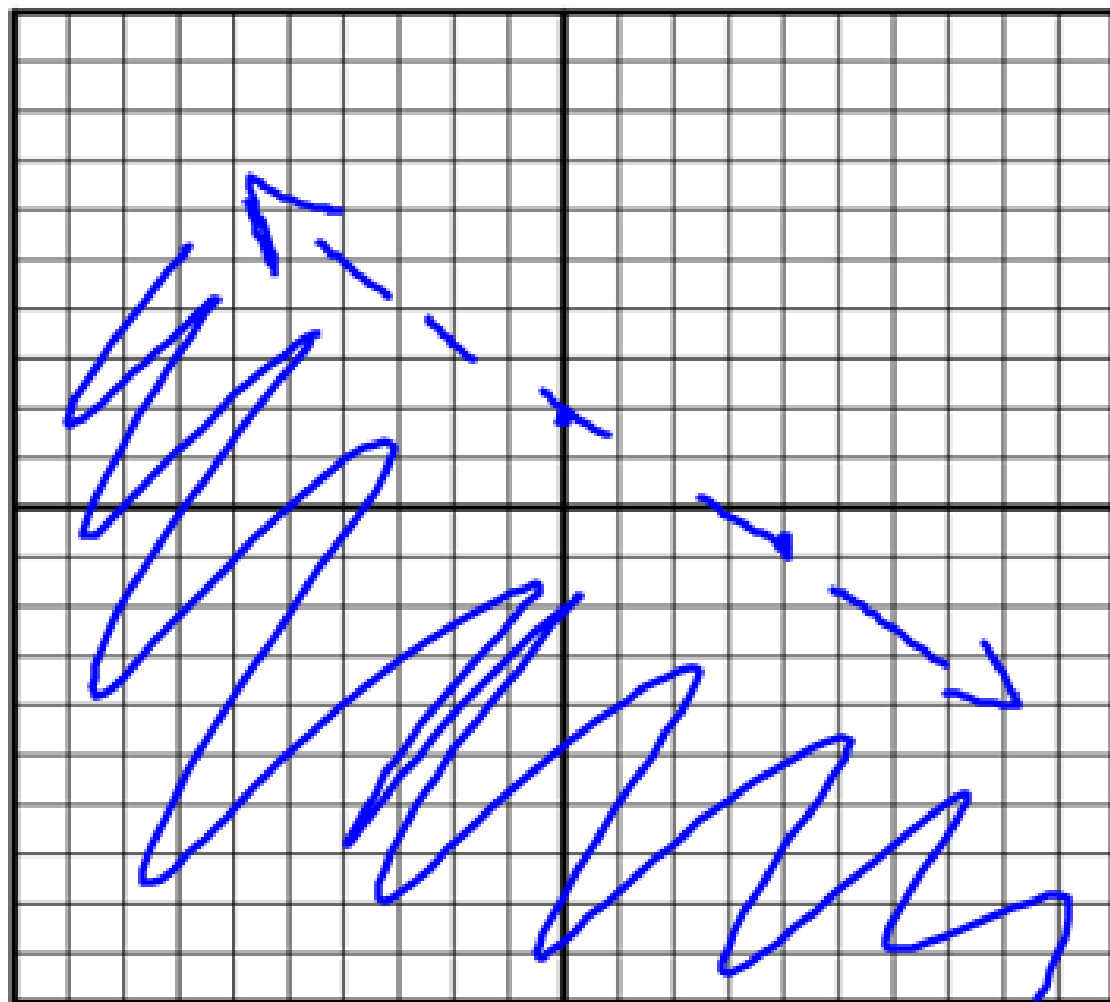
for each inequality. $3x + 4y < 7$

$\{(1,1), (2,-1), (-1,1), (-2,4)\}$

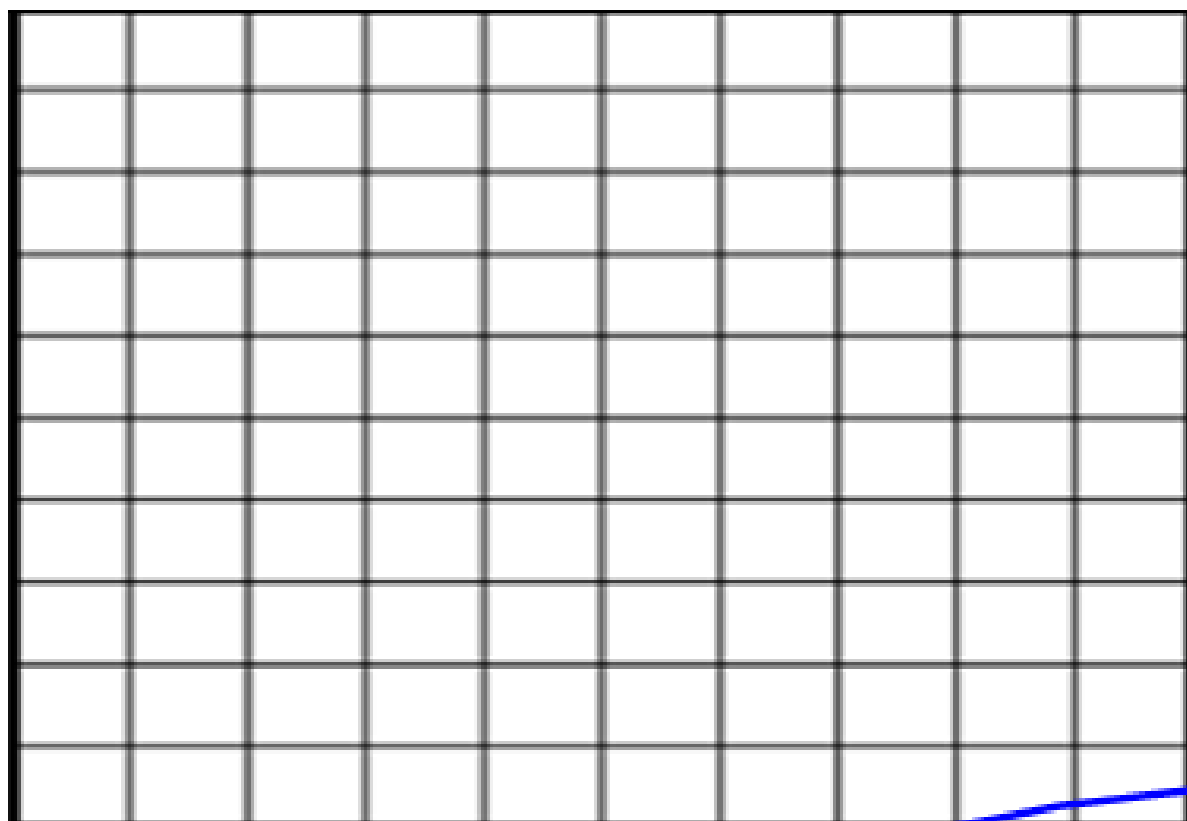
$$3x + 4y < 7$$

$$4y < -3x + 7$$

$$y < -\frac{3}{4}x + \frac{7}{4}$$



Coach McMahan wants to take her soccer team out for pizza and soft drinks after the last game of the season. She doesn't want to spend more than \$60. Write an inequality that represents this situation and graph the solution set.



$$12L + 3S < 60$$

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Homework!!!

Standard Form Wkst