Warm-up!!

A farmer had 17 sheep. All but nine died. How many does the farmer have left?

Divide 30 by 1/2 and add 10. What do you have?? 30 + 10 = 70

How much dirt can be removed from a hole that is 3 feet deep, 2 feet wide, and 10 feet long?

Interpreting Expressions









Goals aligned to common core standards:

- You will break down an expression and interpret their parts.
- You will interpret the meaning of real world expressions and equations.

Binomial expression: 2x+1

2 is a coefficient x is a variable 1 is a constant 2 and x are factors 2x, and 1 are terms

Trinomial expression: $3x^2+4x+6$

3 and 4 are coefficients
x is a variable
The 2 in x² is an exponent
6 is a constant
3 and x² are factors
4 and x are factors
3x², 4x, and 6 are terms

Now make your own expression and break down the parts.

3x+2

Interpreting Expression in the real world:

Suppose the cost of cell phone service for a month is represent by the expression 0.40s + 12.95.

What does the coefficient represent?

40

What does the constant represent?



What does the variable represent?



A company uses two different sized trucks to deliver sand. The first truck can transport *x* cubic yards, and the second *y* cubic yards. The first truck makes *S* trips to a job site, while the second makes *T* trips. What do the following expressions represent in practical terms?

Goals aligned to common core standards:

- You will break down an expression and interpret their parts.
- You will interpret the meaning of real world expressions and equations.

solving Equations and inequalities

One-Step

Goals aligned to common core standards:

 You will create and solve linear equations and inequalities.

 You will justify your reasoning for operations that are computed.

Solving Equations

- -To solve an equation means to find all values of the variable that make the equation a true statement
- -Check your answer. You can always make sure you have the right answer. Make sure it makes sense!!!!!
- -Isolate the variable to one side of the equation with 1 being its coefficient by using opposite operations.

Examples

$$9 = a - 4$$
 $+4$
 -4
 -4

$$\frac{7}{+} c = -10$$
 -7

MUST SHOW WORK!

$$-7/+ y = 15$$
 $+7$
 $-7/+ y = 15$

Examples
$$c = (-7) = 12$$

$$(-7) = 12$$

$$(-7) = -7$$

$$(-7) = -7$$

Examples

$$\frac{3}{3}x = \frac{48}{9}$$

$$-3b = 27$$



$$\frac{7}{3}\frac{3y}{7}=3\left(\frac{7}{3}\right)$$

Solving Inequalities

-Solve the inequality the same as an equation.

However, there is one rule!!!!!!

When you multiply or divide both sides by a negative, you <u>FLIP</u> the inequality symbol.

Review of Symbols

- >
- <
- <u>></u>
- \leq

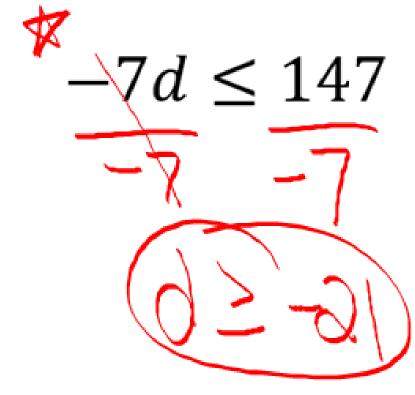
Solving Inequalities

Why do you think the inequality sign has to be flip when multiplying and dividing both sides by a negative?

(-2)4>3(-2) -8>-6X-6

Examples

$$x - 12 \ge 8$$
 $+ |2| + |2|$
 $(\sqrt{220})$



$$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 22 \ge m - 8 \\ + 8 \\ 30 \ge m \\ 3 \\ \frac{3}{4}y > 12 \end{array}$$

Examples 64 > 4y-5 + r > -7



How to graph linear inequalities?

Open circle: used when you have > or < Ex: $\chi > 4$

Closed circle: used when you have $\geq or \leq x \leq -1$ $\frac{1}{-5} + \frac{1}{-4} + \frac{1}{-3} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac$

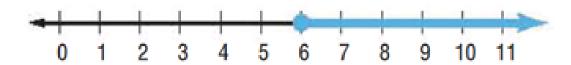
$$-\frac{1}{6}x \le -18$$

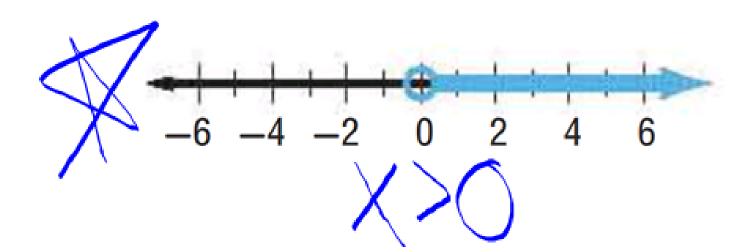
$$-5 + r > -7$$



What are the graphs to these inequalities?

Write the Inequality for each graph...





Things to remember.....

- When you are graphing a < or >, you use an
- 2. When you are graphing $a \le or \ge$, you use a .
- 3. When you are moving a negative number by multiplication, you

Goals aligned to common core standards:

- You will create and solve linear equations and inequalities.
- You will justify your reasoning for operations that are computed.

Classwork - Basic Budgeting

Due before you leave!!!!!!



Homework - Interpreting Expressions and Solving One Step EQ/IN worksheet

- **A.REI.1** Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method.
- *A.REI.3 Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters.
- *A.CED.1 Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. Include equations arising from linear and quadratic functions, and simple rational and exponential functions